

I Know What You Sync: Covert and Side Channel Attacks on File Systems via syncfs

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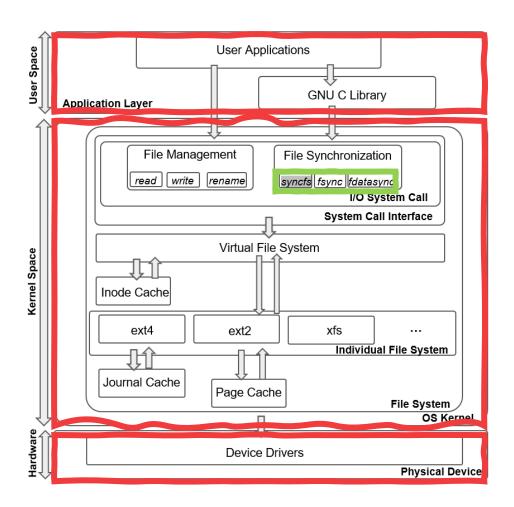
Outline

- Background: File system structure and syncfs system call.
- Threat model and leakage Vectors.
- Covert channel attack.
- Two side channel attacks:
 - Web fingerprinting.
 - Video fingerprinting.



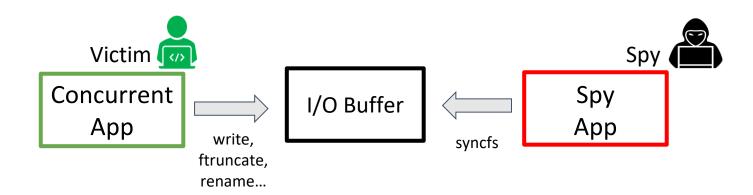
File System Structure

- Application layer.
- OS kernel.
 - System call interface.
 - Virtual file system.
 - Individual file system.
 - I/O buffers.
- Physical device.



Threat model

- A malicious program runs in the background.
 - Standard application-level permissions.
 - Co-locate on the same file system.
 - Periodically profiles the I/O buffers.



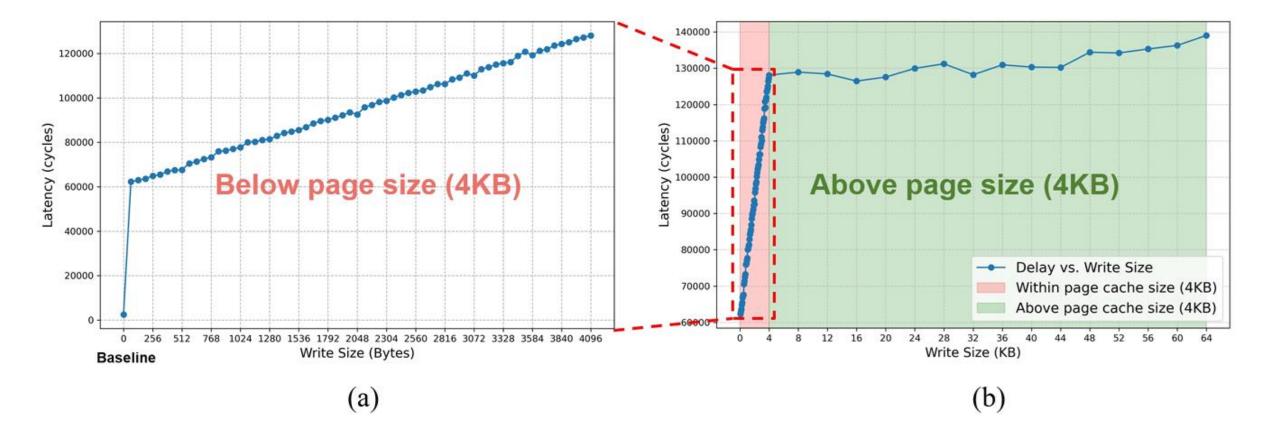
Leakage Vectors

- Measuring I/O syscall footprints via syncfs.
 - Different operations generate different latency.

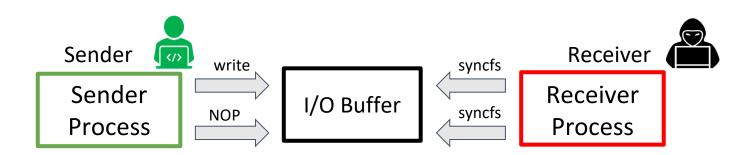
| I/O operation | Affected buffers | Average latency (cycles) | Standard deviation |
|---------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|
| baseline | N/A | 2509 | 491 |
| write | Page cache, journal and inode | 121092 | 11436 |
| write(O_SYNC) | journal | 41406 | 4670 |
| ftruncate | journal and inode | 61315 | 6916 |
| rename | journal and inode | 66774 | 8134 |

Leakage Vectors

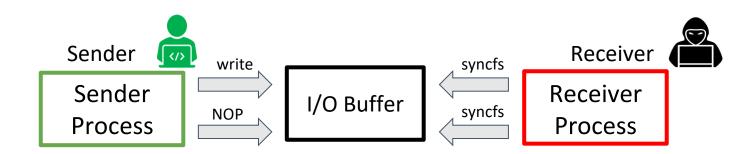
• For write sizes below 4 KB, syncfs latency grows linearly. For write sizes above 4 KB, syncfs latency slows due to I/O parallelism, with fluctuations from dynamic flusher thread adjustments.



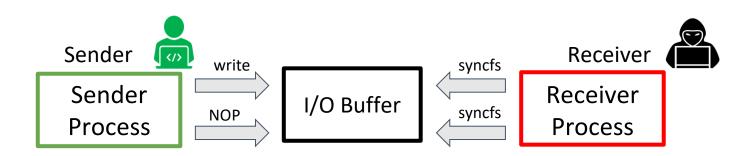
Sender and receiver locate on the same file system.



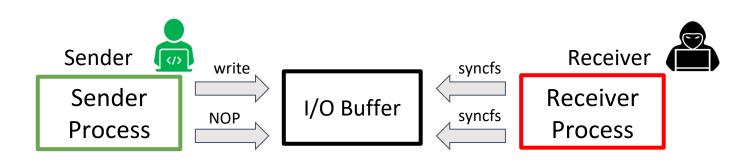
- Sender and receiver locate on the same file system.
- Sender writes a string (64 Bytes) to a local file or no operation.

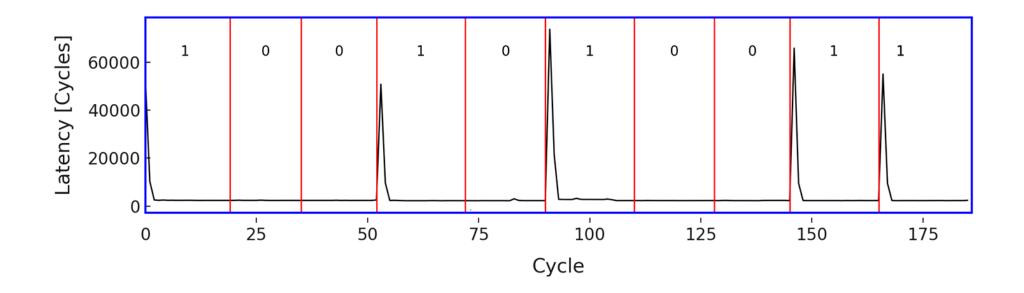


- Sender and receiver locate on the same file system.
- Sender writes a string (64 Bytes) to a local file or no operation.
- Receiver measures syncfs delay.

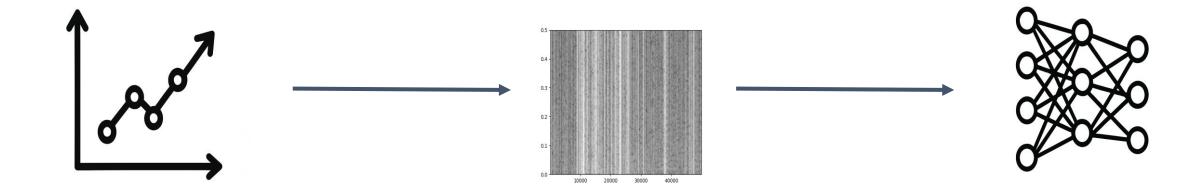


- Sender and receiver locate on the same file system.
- Sender writes a string (64 Bytes) to a local file or no operation.
- Receiver measures syncfs delay.
- Bandwidth: 7.6 Kbps.
- Error Rate: 1.9%.





Side-channel Attacks Overview



Attack 1: Web Fingerprinting

Victim: Launching websites on a web browser.





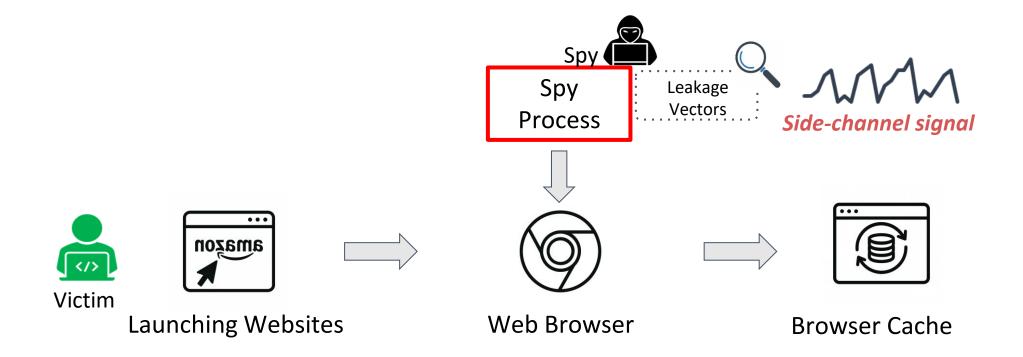




Browser Cache

Attack 1: Web Fingerprinting

- Victim: Launching websites on a web browser.
- Spy: Collecting side channel signal in the background.

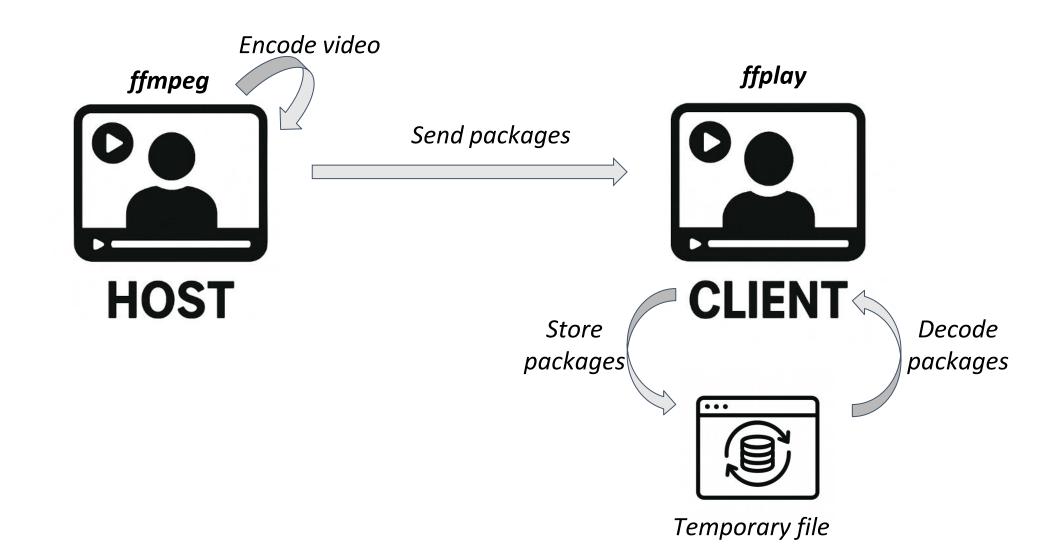


Classification Results

| | F1 | Precision | Recall |
|-------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| | $\mu(\sigma)$ | $\mu(\sigma)$ | $\mu(\sigma)$ |
| Close world | 93.82 (6.96) | 94.99 (5.58) | 93.77 (7.09) |
| Open world | 93.25 (6.79) | 94.67 (5.42) | 93.25 (6.67) |

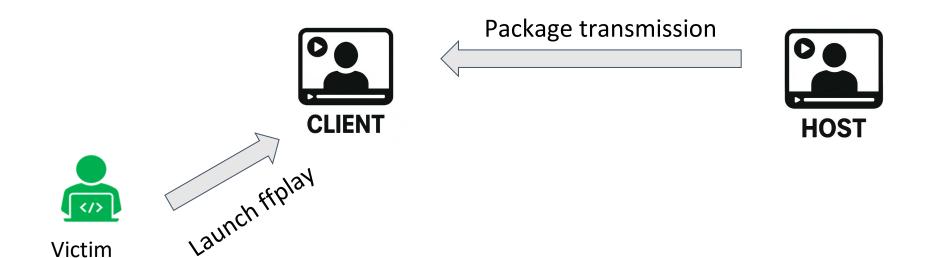
- Close world:
 - Top 100 websites.
- Open world:Other class.

Attack 2: Voice Fingerprinting



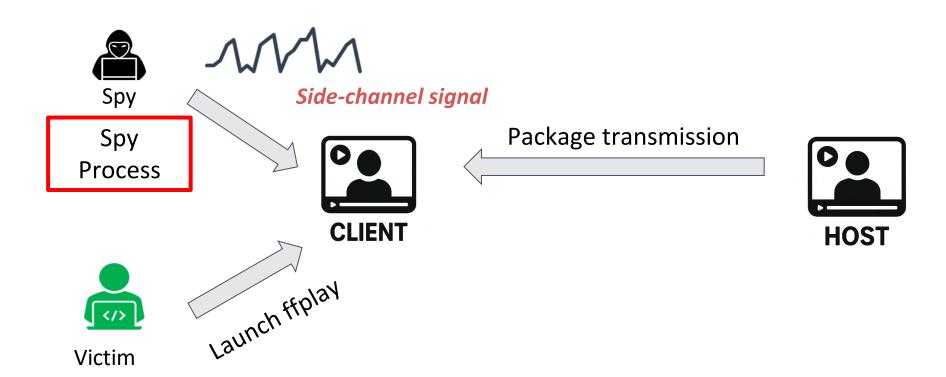
Attack 2: Voice Fingerprinting

Victim: Running ffplay to watch videos.



Attack 2: Voice Fingerprinting

- Victim: Running ffplay to watch videos.
- Spy: Collecting side channel signal in the background.



Classification Results

- Two video platforms:
 - Youtube (F1 score of 92.74%).
 - Bilibili (F1 score of 87.03%).
- Open world/ close world set-up:
 - Top 20 videos.
 - Other class.

Conclusion

- New attack vector.
 - Leaking I/O operations via syncfs system call.
- Covert channel attack.
 - Bandwidth: 7.6 Kbps.
 - Error Rate: 1.9%.
- Side channel attack.
 - Web fingerprinting (F1 score of 93.25%).
 - Video fingerprinting (F1 score of 92.74% and 87.03%).

Thank you!

Any questions?